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ARTICLES IN AVIATION WEEKS MAGAZINE.

NEWEBT DELTA BUB PIVITAL IN LATEST SAUT VIOLATION

WASHINGTON - SOVIET UNIONIS CONDUCTING SEA TRIALS WITH FOUR ENLARGED DELTA SHCLASS SUBMARINES ARMED WITH 16 SSHNHS SUBMARINES ARMED WITH 16 SSHNHS SUBMARINES ARMED WITH 18 SSHNHS SUBMARINES ARMED WITH 18 SSHNHS SUBMARINES ARMED WITH 19 OF SSHOT OF SSHOT INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE LAUNCHERS AS REQUIRED BY THE PRESENT STRATEGIC ARMS LIMITATION AGREEMENT.

THE MOVE RAISES THE NUMBER OF SLBM'S DERLOYED TO ABOVE THE TAA MAXIMUM LEVEL ESTABLISHED FOR THE USSR IN THE INTERIM SALT I ACCORD UNDER WHICH BOTH THE U.S. AND SOVIET UNION NOW OPERATE IN THE ABSENCE OF A SALTHE ABREEMENT.

U.S. OBSERVERS HAVE DETECTED THE SALT VIOLATION BUT ARE NOW UNABLE TO CONTINUE SURVEILLANCE BECAUSE THE LAST LOCKHEED BIG BIRD CLOSE-LOOK PHOTO-RECONNAISSANCE SATELLITE COVERING THAT AREA OF THE USSR DECAYED APR. I AFTER 118 DAYS IN GREIT.

THERE IS NORMALLY A THO-TO-THRESHMONTH DELAY BETHEEN DECAY AND LAUNCH OF ANOTHER BIG BIRD SATELLITE.

THE FOUR NEW SOVIET DELTA 25CLASS BOATS NOW AT SEA ARE LARGER THAN THE ABBET., 8,000-TON SURFACE DESPLACEMENT DELTA BOATS THAT HAVE BEEN OPERATING WITH 12 S-N-8 SCBMS. THE S-N-8 HAS A RANGE OF MORE THAN 4,380 NAUT. MI. WITH ITS NUCLEAR WARHEAD. THE 125LADNCHER DELTA BOAT WAS THE LARGEST SUBMARINE OVER BUILT BY ANY NAVY UNTIL THE NEW 16-LAUNCHER DELTA PUT TO SEA.

AN EVEN LARGER VERSION OF THE DELTA BOAT DESIGNED TO CARRY MORE

HYLAND, MCFARLANE, ROD, SEC FLE

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THAN THE 18 SBLMS IS UNDER DEVELOPMENT.

UNDER THE TERMS OF SALTHA, THE SOVIETS ARE LIMITED TO DEPLOYMENT OF 744 SLBMS UNLESS THEY PIRST PHASE OUT OLDER ICOMS TO COMPENSATE FOR ADDING NEW SLBMS TO THE FLEET. THEY ARE PERMITTED TO DEPLOY UP TO A TOTAL OF 950 SLBMS ON 62 OPERATIONAL SUBMARINES SY MID-1977 AS REPLACEMENTS OF 200 ICBMS.

WHEN THE U.S. OFFICIALS APPROACHED THE RUSSIANS ABOUT THE DEPLOYMENT OF THE ADDITIONAL DELTA SUBMARINES WITHOUT DISMANTLING THE OLDER ICSM LAUNCHERS. SOVIET OFFICIALS SAID THAT OLDER ICSM SILDS HAVE NOT BEEN CLOSED OUT BECAUSE OF "CONSTRUCTION PROBLEMS" ACCORDING TO ONE U.S. OFFICIAL, HAND THE U.S. SEEMS NOW WILLING TO WAIT AND SEE JUST WHAT THE NEXT MOVE WILL BE!

THE SEA TRIALS OF THE NEW DELTA 2 SOATS COME AS NO REAL SURPRISE, ACCORDING TO ONE SENIOR U.S. OFFICIAL, WHO CITED MALLESED VIOLANTIONS IN CONCEALING SENNES MISSILES AND COMPONENT ASSEMBLY OF DELTA BOATS.

LATE LAST YEAT THE SOVIETS BUILT A SECOND WAY FOR LAUNCHING DELTA SUBMARINES AT THE SAVEROMORSK SHIPYARD, NEAR MURMANSK, WHILE THE NUMBER OF COVERS TO CONCEAL CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES AT THAT LOCATION INCREASED GREATLY TO PREVENT U.S. SATELLITE OBSERVANTION (AWAST DEC 8, 1975, P. 12).

THE FIRST DELTA BOATS HENT TO SEA IN 1973 AFTER THE SOVIETS COMPLETED A PRODUCTION RUN OF 34 NUCLEAR PROPELLED SLOW ARMED YANKESUCLASS BOATS, THE DELTA REPLACE THE YANKES.

U.S. OFFICIALS SAID THAT 18 OR 19 DELTA BOATS HAVE BEEN LAUNCHED OR ARE BEING ASSEMBLED. ALTHOUGH THE USSR STILL HAS THE PREEDOM TO MIX THE NUMBER OF STRATEGIC DELIVERY VEHICLES UNDER THE TERMS OF THE YLADIVOSTOK UNDERSTANDING, IT HAS BECOME CLEAR THAT IT IS GOING BEYOND THE 748 BASELINE CEILING FOR SUBM LAUNCH TUBES AGREED ON IN SALTHI.

UNTIL RECENT MONTHS, THE SOVIETS HAVE MAD THE CARABILITY TO BUILD ABOUT 12 NUCLEAR PROPELLED BALLISTIC MISSILE SUBMARINES PER YEAR, PLUS EIGHT OTHER NUCLEAR POWERED SUBMARINES, THAT RATE IS BEING INCREASED, OFFICIALS SAID, SOME EXPERTS BELIEVE THE MAXMUM CAPACITY COULD BE INCREASED TO AS MANY AS 36 BOATS PER YEAR.

U.S. HAS 10 POLARIS SUBS ARMED WITH 161 POLARIS AND MISSIES EACH, AND 31 SUBMARINES ARMED WITH POSICON CHS SLEMS TOTALING 496 MISSILES, ABOUT HALF THIS SLEM FLEET IS AT SEA AT ANY ONE TIME.

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*******U N.C LAA SUSCIPPII ECD*******

IN ADDITION TO SLBM DEVELOPMENTS, THE USSR IS CONTINUING DEVELOPMENT OF NUCLEAR-ARMED, ANTI-SHIP MISSILES, NEW ANTI-SUBMARINE WARPARE DETECTION METHODS AND ANTI-BALLISTIC MISSILE WEAPONS SYSTEMS.

THE SANKHIS SUBBURFACE LAUNCHED NUCLEAR HARMED HISSILE, WITH A RANGE OF ABOUT 660 NADT. MI, WAS DESIGNED ORIGINALLY TO BE USED AGAINST SUBMIT AFT CENTRES OF AGAINST SUBMIT AND ARTHURS. THE BALLISTIC ANTH-SHIP MISSILE REACHES AN AMOGEL OF ABOUT 100 NAUT. MI, WHERE ITS SENSOR SYSTEM LOCKS ON TO THE TARGET. THE NEW ASW VARIANT IN DEVELOPMENT COULD, ALONG WITH NEW ASW TECHNOLOGY, MAKE THE U.S. SLEM FLEET VOLNERABLE IN THE 1988 S. ACCORDING TO SENIOR NAVY OFFICIALS, SENIOR DEPENSE DERT, OFFICIALS TESTIFIED TO CONGRESS THIS YEAR THAT THE SOVIETS ARE CONTINUING THEIR ACCELERS ATED PROGRAM IN ANTI-BALLISTIC MISSILE DEVELOPMENTS AT THE SAME TIME THE U.S. HAS SCALED ITS PROGRAM DOWN DRASTICALLY.

THE SOVIET UNION HAS AN INENSIVE EFFORT IN ASM RESEARCH WITH THO NEW ASM SYSTEMS IN DEVELOPMENT A TACTICAL ANTIBALLISTIC MISSILE, AND A WHIGH ACCELERATOR INTERCEPTOR SYSTEM, F

THIS NEW HYPERSONIC INTERCEPTOR SYSTEM IS BEING TESTED AT EMBA, NORTHWEST OF THE ARAL SEA (AMBSTRAPR, 7, 1975) P. 121.

THE SOVIETS ARE LABELING THIS SYSTEM AN ANTI-TACTICAL BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE WEAPON FOR USE AGINST SHORTER-RANGE TACTICAL MISSILES TO PROTECT THE FIELD ARMY. IT HAS INHERENT ANTI-BALLISTIC MISSILE APPLICATION AGAINST U.S. ICBMS.

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